

EN – ENGLISH – Instructions for use

Endoscopic tissue approximation device

Do not use if package is damaged

Terminology and package contents

- A. Fixing handle
- B. Needle pusher
- C. Distal tag pusher
- D. Proximal tag pusher
- E. Safety pin
- F. Brake screw
- G. Needle and tag chain (in the dispenser)
- H. Dispenser attachment

Technical information

Maximum diameter – 1,9 mm
Needle diameter – 1,75 mm
Needle rigid length – 17 mm
Total needle length (excl. handle) – 1 200 mm
Tag diameter – 1,1 mm
Tag length – 10 mm
Surgical suture type – EP1.5 (USP 4-0) braided polyester (non absorbable)
Maximum duration of use – 4 hours

Intended use

TAPES is a long-term, single use suturing medical device intended to pierce and link layers of tissues together in the upper GI tract using a flexible endoscope and a triangulation platform (endomina®).

Contraindications

Any contraindication to endoscopy; gastric ulcer; perforations; severe gastritis or any pre-existing conditions that may lead to fragile mucosa; bleeding; oesophagitis; colitis; hiatal hernia; women who are pregnant, trying to become pregnant or nursing; children; elderly; addiction (drug or alcohol); bleeding disorders; varices; portal hypertension in the stomach; fibrotic sites; patients taking anti-coagulation therapy

Warnings

In order to ensure the safe use of TAPES, it is essential to read this paragraph carefully.

▪ Before using TAPES, make sure that the package is properly sealed and includes all the components shown in the picture and that they are in perfect condition. If any component is missing or damaged, do not use TAPES.

▪ TAPES is a device for gastroenterology (upper GI tract). It can only be used in natural orifices (mouth).

▪ TAPES can only be used by qualified medical staff (a gastroenterologist or paramedical staff under surveillance by a gastroenterologist) who has received the necessary training and certification to use it.

▪ Always keep at least one additional TAPES in stock before starting a procedure.

▪ This document describes the use of TAPES, not the clinical procedures that can be performed with it.

▪ TAPES is single-use and cannot be reused : reusing poses a threat of cross contamination between patients. Additionally, reusing device after releasing tags makes device useless.

▪ TAPES is single-use and cannot be resterilized : sterilization process used in hospitals has not been tested could damage the device.

▪ TAPES can only be used on patients under general anaesthesia.

▪ TAPES can only be used with adult triangulation platforms. See "Triangulation platform compatibility" for more details.

▪ If TAPES is placed outside a clean zone, it cannot be used.

▪ If one of the components of TAPES becomes detached and falls into a body cavity of the patient, retrieve it with endoscopic forceps if it is judged dangerous for the patient's health.

▪ If the triangulation platform does not allow large enough plications to be formed, the suture may not hold.

Precautions

▪ Never make sudden movements, especially during insertion and removal. This could hurt the patient.

▪ The needle must not be apparent during the introduction and removal of the triangulation platform. This could hurt the patient.

▪ TAPES must always be manipulated under visual surveillance when the needle is outside the triangulation platform, in the cavity to be treated. Not respecting this precaution could lead to dangerous perforations of neighboring organs.

▪ Always wear appropriate protective clothing, as blood and other tissues carry an infection risk. Suitable protective clothing includes protective goggles, a mask and waterproof clothes and gloves.

▪ Do not use force to insert TAPES into the triangulation system. If there is resistance, remove it and investigate.

▪ When multiple tag chains are used, avoid sutures crossing each other.

▪ Do not insert TAPES into a bent channel. Always introduce TAPES into a channel that is as straight as possible.

▪ TAPES is a 1,9 mm device. Use it only in a suitable channel (up to 2,3 mm). To use it in a larger channel, use a catheter to avoid guiding issues.

▪ Always keep the handle firmly in the hand to avoid undesired movements.

▪ Always use CO₂ insufflation.

▪ Always have appropriate hemostasis tools available.

Adverse reactions

The following adverse reactions have been observed during endoscopic interventions involving needles and may happen after the use of TAPES:

▪ Perforation

▪ Pneumothorax due to CO₂ insufflation through iatrogenic perforation

- Nausea, vomiting, cramps
- Bleeding
- Minor peritonitis
- Minor bacteraemia

Procedure

The procedure described here is a check-list for an operation by an experienced user.

1. Check that the TAPES package is not damaged and is perfectly sealed. If any anomaly is detected, do not use TAPES; send it back to Endo Tools Therapeutics.
2. Insert endomina® at the site to be treated.
3. Unpack TAPES and check visually that it is complete and in good condition. Check that the tags are in place and the handle has not been actuated. Remove TAPES from the dispenser by turning the fixing handle.
4. Check that the needle pusher slides in the fixing handle and check the brake screw. The brake screw can be tightened at any time to lock needle pusher movement.
5. Gently introduce TAPES into endomina®, using lubricating gel if necessary. Do not use force. Check that the angling of endomina® allows insertion.
6. Fix TAPES to endomina® with the connector.
7. Actuate endomina® to position the TAPES needle correctly.
8. Check visually that the TAPES needle slides correctly out of endomina®.
9. Pierce the first tissue by pushing the handle.
10. Remove the safety pin and release the distal tag using the distal tag pusher.
11. Pull back the distal tag pusher flush with the proximal tag pusher.
12. Pull the needle back into endomina® by pulling the handle.
13. Move endomina® back to loosen the suture if necessary.
14. Pierce the second tissue.
15. Release the proximal tag using the proximal tag pusher. Check that the entire suture has been released. Make back and forth movements with the tag pusher if necessary.
16. Pull back the proximal tag pusher to its rest position.
17. Using the handle, pull back the needle into endomina®.
18. Straighten endomina® to allow needle removal. Always keep visual control.
19. Take TAPES out of endomina®. Do not use force.
20. With the help of a polypectomy snare , tighten the tag chain by pulling on the suture tightening ball. Tighten until the tags exert suitable pressure on the tissues.
21. With a cutting tool, cut the free end of the suture. Make sure you do not cut the suture between tags.

End of procedure

1. Check that all the components are present (excluding tags and suture).
2. Dispose of TAPES in an appropriate trash bin (for sharp hospital waste).

Emergency procedure

If TAPES gets stuck in endomina® or tissue, use the following procedure:

IF TAPES is stuck in tissue:

1. Release the proximal tag to release the needle from the tissues.

2. If necessary, cut the tag or suture with an endoscopic guillotine or scissors to release the needle.

3. If necessary, retrieve the tags and suture with endoscopic forceps.

IF TAPES is stuck in endomina®:

1. Completely remove the distal and proximal tag handles.

2. Check that the angle of endomina® allows TAPES to slide.

3. If TAPES is still stuck, the needle does not slide out of the operating channel and endomina® allows it, remove everything together (endomina® and TAPES) and investigate the reasons for the blockage.

4. If the needle is out of the channel or endomina® does not allow for combined removal, cut the needle from its tube e.g. with argon plasma.

5. Retrieve the needle with the endoscope and foreign body forceps.

6. Remove TAPES from the operating channel. If TAPES is damaged during the operation and a part stays in the stomach, take it out of the patient.

Tag chain removal

In case of necessity, tag chain suture can be cut with a cutting tool between the tags. Tag chain elements should then be removed with a grasper. Dispose of the tag chain in an appropriate trash (for hospital waste)

Storage

TAPES must be stored in its sterile package, in a clean and dry place, away from sun exposure and at ambient temperature. The sterile package should not be stored underneath other packages that could squash it.

Repairs and modifications

TAPES has no parts that can be repaired by the user. TAPES must not be disassembled, modified or repaired by the user. This could hurt patients or damage other medical devices.

▪ Always keep the handle firmly in the hand to avoid undesired movements.

▪ Always use CO₂ insufflation.

▪ Always have appropriate hemostasis tools available.

Adverse reactions

The following adverse reactions have been observed during endoscopic interventions involving needles and may happen after the use of TAPES:

▪ Perforation

▪ Pneumothorax due to CO₂ insufflation through iatrogenic perforation

endomina®. It has been validated with the tools listed at the end of these instructions. For other tools, test before use.

PT – PORTUGUÊS - Instruções de utilização

Instrumento endoscópico de aproximação do tecido

Não usar se a embalagem estiver danificada

Terminologia e conteúdo da embalagem

- A. Pega de fixação
- B. Empurrador da agulha
- C. Empurrador de tag distal
- D. Empurrador de tag proximal
- E. Pino de segurança
- F. Parafuso do travão
- G. Agulhas e corrente de tag (no dispensador)
- H. Anexo do dispensador

Informação técnica

Diâmetro máximo – 1,9 mm

Diâmetro da agulha – 1,75 mm

Comprimento rígido da agulha – 17 mm

Comprimento total da agulha (excluindo pega) – 1 200 mm

Diâmetro do tag – 1,1 mm

Comprimento do tag – 10 mm

Tipo de sutura cirúrgica – EP1.5 (USP 4-0) poliéster trançado (não absorvível)

Duração máxima da utilização – 4 horas

Utilização prevista

O TAPES é um dispositivo descartável de sutura a longo prazo, destinado a perfurar e unir tecidos no trato GI superior, com recurso a um endoscópio flexível e a uma plataforma de triangulação (endomina®).

Contraindicações

Qualquer contraindicação relativa a endoscópios; úlcera gástrica; perfurações; gastrite severa ou qualquer condição pré-existente que possa conduzir à fragilidade das mucosas; sangramento; esofagite; colite; hérnia de hiato; mulheres grávidas, a tentarem engravidar ou lactantes; crianças; idosos; dependências (de drogas ou álcool); transtornos da coagulação; varizes; hipertensão portal no estômago; áreas fibróticas; pacientes em terapia anticoagulante

Avisos

Para garantir a utilização segura do TAPES é essencial a leitura atenta deste parágrafo.

- Antes de usar o TAPES certifique-se de que a embalagem está devidamente selada e inclui todos os componentes indicados na figura e que estes estão em bom estado. Não utilize o TAPES se qualquer componente estiver em falta ou danificado.
- O TAPES é um dispositivo para gastroenterologia (trato GI superior). Apenas pode ser usado em orifícios naturais (boca).
- O TAPES apenas pode ser usado por pessoal médico qualificado (um gastroenterologista ou paramédico sob supervisão de um gastroenterologista) que tenha recebido a formação e certificação necessárias para a sua utilização.

Fim do procedimento

1. Verifique se todos os componentes estão presentes (exceto tags e sutura).
2. Elimine o TAPES num recipiente adequado (para resíduos hospitalares afiados).

Procedimento de emergência

Se o TAPES ficar preso numa endomina® ou tecido, realize o seguinte procedimento:

Se o TAPES ficar preso no tecido:

1. Solte o tag proximal para libertar a agulha dos tecidos.
2. Se necessário, corte o tag ou a sutura com uma arguilhota endoscópica ou tesoura para soltar a agulha.

Se o TAPES ficar preso na endomina®:

1. Remova completamente as pegas do tag distal e proximal.
2. Verifique se o ângulo da endomina® permite o deslize do TAPES.

Se o TAPES ainda estiver preso, se a agulha não deslizar para fora do canal de operação e se endomina® o permitir, remova tudo ao mesmo tempo (endomina® e TAPES) e procure a causa de bloqueio.

▪ O TAPES é descartável e não pode ser reutilizado: a reutilização constitui uma ameaça de contaminação cruzada entre pacientes. Além disso, a reutilização do instrumento depois de libertar os tags torna-o inutilizável.

▪ O TAPES apenas pode ser usado em pacientes submetidos a anestesia geral.

▪ O TAPES apenas pode ser usado com plataformas de triangulação para adultos. Ver "Compatibilidade com plataformas de triangulação" para saber mais detalhes.

▪ O TAPES não pode ser usado se for colocado fora de uma zona limpa.

▪ Se um dos componentes do TAPES se soltar e cair numa cavidade do corpo do paciente, recolha-o com forças endoscópicas se for considerado perigoso para a saúde do paciente.

▪ Se a plataforma de triangulação não permitir a execução de aplicações de dimensão suficiente, a sutura poderá não resistir.

Precauções

▪ Nunca faça movimentos repentinos, especialmente durante a inserção e a remoção. Pode magoar o paciente.

▪ A agulha não deve ser visível durante a introdução e a remoção da plataforma de triangulação. Pode magoar o paciente.

▪ O TAPES deve ser sempre manipulado sob vigilância visual quando a agulha estiver fora da plataforma de triangulação, na cavidade a ser tratada. O desrespeito desta precaução pode causar perfurações perigosas de órgãos próximos.

▪ Use sempre vestuário protetor, pois o sangue e outros tecidos acarretam risco de infecção. Vestuário protetor adequado inclui óculos de proteção, máscara e roupa e luvas à prova de água.

▪ Não faça uso da força para inserir o TAPES no sistema de triangulação. Se sentir resistência, remova e procure a causa.

▪ Se forem usadas várias correntes de tag, evite suturas cruzadas.

▪ Não inserir o TAPES num canal dobrado. Introduza sempre o TAPES num canal que seja o mais

EN - Symbols used**PT - Símbolos usados****CZ - Použité symboly**

EN – See instructions for use
PT – Consultar as instruções de utilização
CZ – Přečtěte si návod k použití



EN – Caution
PT – Cuidado
CZ – Upozornění



EN – Serial number
PT – Número de série
CZ – Výrobní číslo



EN – Keep away from direct sun exposure
PT – Evitar a exposição solar direta
CZ – Uchovávejte mimo přímé sluneční světlo



EN – Keep in a dry location
PT – Manter num local seco
CZ – Uchovávejte na suchém místě



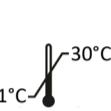
EN – Do not reuse
PT – Não reutilizar
CZ – Nepoužívejte opakově



EN – Sterile (Ethylene oxide)
PT – Estéril (óxido de etileno)
CZ – Sterilní (ethylenoxid)



EN – Do not use if package is damaged
PT – Não usar se a embalagem estiver danificada
CZ – Nepoužívejte, pokud je obal poškozený



EN – Store at room temperature (1–30°C)
PT – Guardar à temperatura ambiente (1–30 °C)
CZ – Skladujte při teplotě místnosti (1–30°C)



EN – MR safe (tag chain)
PT – Seguro para MR (corrente de tag)
CZ – Bezpečné pro použití v prostředí MR (fetízek kotvičky)



EN – Product malfunction can be reported by e-mail to urgent@endotools.be. Please include your phone number in your e-mail.



PT – Anomalias no produto podem ser comunicadas por e-mail para: urgent@endotools.be. Indique o número de telefone no seu e-mail.



CZ – Selhání výrobku nahláste e-mailem na adresu urgent@endotools.be. Do e-mailu uvedte i své telefonní číslo.

